Bupreme Court might as well be in Kamschatks. It was a natural law that were acarteal was fixed there would be a canvergence of seath and influence. We Yad more than 1,000 miles of terrivery. Suppose trey west on until they have a populat on of 10,00,000 inhabitants, how many Senators should we have in Congress? War, two only. The gestleman from Novada (Mr. Phelps) would be deprived of no political right, nor would his taxation be increased. The southern concluses of the Saxte were willing to take their share in the extravagant debt winch had been centrasted, and run the risk of the measure pears of through Congress. It these claims were refused they wound appeal to the people of California—to the people of svery county in the State.

Mr. Huxt controled that the God of nature and human ty demanded the division of the State God, nature and the constitute on had forbidden that the lahabitants of the southern portion of the State should be trampled under foot, they were not goofge to do it much larger—did they understand the? (Laughter.) You shall not trample on us any longer. You can't do it. (Laughter.) I ask in the name of humanity, and of God, and of nature, to given the first property of the debt. I ask for the sake of God, early of the same of the debt. I ask for the sake of God, of the American people, not heep us down. I have been here light long years, and I know their warrs; our property is exhausting day by day, and the people are greaning from Montersy to the Southern extremity of the tiste. I do not want to toreaten you, but the Union can't keep us down to years longer—they just could not do it—and that's all! (Laughter.) We don't care two con'ts whether you grant it or not, but lask in the name of the people—in the name of Heaven! I don't care two con'ts whether you grant it or not, but lask in the name of the people—in the name of Heaven! I don't care what becomes of me. The present sate of thoughts from the South. I ask you in God's name just to grant us our natural rights, and let us support your

wade the State.

The Spraken conceived that the desire to divide the The Strauer conceived that the desire to divide the Elate was based upon the idea of a proper representation of the Pacific coast. We all recognized the constitution of the United States as the highest law of the land. Every officer swore first to support that constitution of the United States as the highest law of the land. Every officer swore first to support that constitution is provided the manner of forming and admitting new States into the Unito. That constitution was above the State constitution, and when the latter conflicted with it, either in spirit or in letter, the State constitution must be to the general constitution. Now, although the State constitution set out the boundaries of the State, it was perfectly proper for the Lagislature to take the initiative. If the constitution of the United States had made such a provision, any State constitution could not trammel those provisions. As to the propriety of dividing the State, he believed that it must be deme some time or other. There is a sufficient amount of territory, and he believed a division into three States was inevitable. Let them have the agitation upon the whole question, and not upon the question of two States first and one State afterwards, but let the subject be wholly discussed and finally settled. It was only a question of time, and he told them that it was a 'foregone conclusion' that the great Pacific coast, with its future millions of prople, would demand a division of the State; and that the idea of one State would be repugnant to the views and wishes of every man who represented the people. Then what could be the objection to agitating the question now? He had no idea that the bill would pass the Lagislature, but he desired to see the subject agitated and recordly brought before the State. question now? He had no idea that the bill would pass the Legislature, but he desired to see the subject agitated and properly brought before the State. He desired the facts lait before the people of the State. Gentlemen who represented southern portions of the State talket of taking the siump and appealing to the fireide; but he (the Speaker) was in favor of a well drafted address, embedying the views of the different sections of the State. Let the attention of all the people be called to the subject, and, when the bill was brought from the committee, he would make a motion that the whole subject be laid before the people. Let all the arguments be shaped in an address, and circulated throughout the State.

Mr. Be-mar said that at a proper time he would be in raver of a division of the State; that he had thought he might support this bill, but the threats which had been uttered here of rebellete in the event of the bill not becoming a law, and the wranging, complaining spirit manifested here on the gentleman from San Hippo, and here the best of the gentleman from San Hippo, and here to be the grown of the country he represented from the State of California, and attach to a new State, of which those two outside, disconiented counties were to be the ruling power. The people of Maripeas county would prefer to remain connected with the San Joaquin Valley and the Bay of San Francisco. The gentleman from San Bernardino should not expect us, because he lives so remained the same state, to form new politics, when this question was agtived in Maripeas country, in 1852, it was the avency purpose theo, of the friends of a district of the State, among whom were amjority of the most promisent and industrial men of the country, to facilitate the introduction of slavery in the southern division of the State, he had taken a position against the measure, which had brought down the opposition of a large majority of the people against him, and had everwhelmed him with position against the measure, which had brought down the opposition of a large majority of the people against him, and had everythemed him with each seed of the research for it than exist at present. The portion proposed to be set off to constitute the State of Colorador and the state of the state of the state of the country, to facilitate the introduced by the same considerations on which he influenced by the same considerations on which the influenced by the same considerations on which the influenced by the same considerations on the same proposed to be set off to constitute the State of Colorador and the same proposed to appropriate the provider of the same and the provider and the provider of the same and the provider and the same and the provider and the provider

the House would not be influenced by the slavery elament.

Mr. Ferrent said the enemies of the bill had thrown the alavery element into the subject. If the States of Massachusetts and New York could raise sugar, cotton and rice, they would be slave States. If they placed him in Texas he should want slavery, but the case was different in California. There was a provision in the constitution of the United States for the division of a State if the Legislature gave its consent.

Mr. RYLAND contended, in reply to Mr. Ferrell, that the censtitution did not say how that consent was to be given, and that the whole matter must rest with the geeple, who would have to say how that consent would be given. He did not express any opinion upon the expediency of a division of the State, although perhaps he ought to be in fayor of a division.

Mr Eakini regarded the bill as perfectly constitutional. The quest on of bouncares was a matter to be setted by the seneral government by compact with the visite. Cube they form two States constitutionally by amending the present constitution the manner present-best by the constitutional such a them, was impossible. There were numerous prescents constructing this construction of the constitutional such a them, was impossible. There were numerous prescents constructing this construction of the constitutional such as the presentative of the various Atlantic States. Each county in the State was typical and representative of the various Atlantic States, and the object was to legislate and form a constitution and laws to suit each State. His constituency was small, but their rights must be protected, and he had always to be in his seat, as at a watchtower, to oppose the passes of b lis destributed in coronny the division of the state was demanded. He was not anxious that this bill of only pass in its present form, but was willing text it

State was demanded. He was not anxious that this bill at only pass in its present form, but was willing that it in gight be submitted to the people at the next election. Mr. FARLEY did not believe that the present was the proper time to pass the bill, and monover he desired the opinion of the people to be taken upon it.

Mr. Douglass moved the recommittal of the bill to a select committee of nine members, with instructions to report an access to the people of California. The metico was agreed to, and Messre, Douglas, Andley, Ryland, Edwards, Ferrell, Wells, Cartis, Hunt and Rowe, were appointed such committee.

Fig. The San Francisco Alta California of the 21st April contains the following article in relation to dividing the State:—

were appointed such countrities.
First San Francisco Alla Calyfornia of the 21st April contains the following article in relation to dividing the State.

An interesting and animated discussion took place in the Assembly on Tursdy, in relation to the division of the State. Mr Douglas, of San Joaquin, had introduced a bill providing that California should be divided into three States, and on this the discussion aross.

In former times when this subject of division has come up for discussion, we have invariably opposed it. We should do the same now, with all our power, were the same objects aimed at as have been in furner years. But this movement for a division is divested of the sectional character of those which nave been made sefore, and we are inclined to the opinion that no one of those advocating it is so insume as to suppose it possible that under the light now exacting in the State the dark institution can seer be planted in any part of California. The segitators have hitherto been feeled in every attempt they have made to engraft the obnoxious institution ups. The popular voice is against it in every part of the State, by so heavy a majority that whether it remain as it is, or is divided into several States, we consect to small fear of this dangerous and sectional institution heirg introduced.

In pregard to the paked question of division, there is much that may be easier not sider. The State is unquestionably too large; the interes is of different sections are too conflicting for that harmony of seeling necessary to correct legislation or equal prosperity. The people in the remote parts of the State are subjected to severe if not unjust expense in their attendance on the Supreme Court, and the manner of making teem, that they can have no very strong attachment of the State authority.

On the other ham, the expense of three State governments would be more officers and more officials to be paid. This, however, disguise it as we may, will be a powerful motive in bringing about the division.

There is one ob

Important Fugitive Slave Case.

We find in the San Jose Telegraph the following report of an attempt at San Jose to force back into slavery, a negro brought into California by his master. Considerable importance is attached to the decision, because a large number of colored men were brought into the State under circumstances similar to these of the defendant:—

Tao weeks ago, we alluded to the case of George Mitchell, a celured boy who was arrested and brought telore Justice Allen, charged with ewing service and labor to one Jesse Cooper of Tennesses.

Mitchell was brought into California in 1849, before the adoption of the State constitution, by one Cooney, and has remained here ever since. The attempt to carry him away was made under the unconstitutional acts of our Legislature, and the decisions of our Supreme Court.

Before Justice Allen, on the 17th April, the counsel.

Before Justice Allen, on the 17th April, the counsel for the negro made application for a continuance for ten days, to chaole them to prove a testimate. The arrival hearing was accordingly postponed until the 16th, at which time the parties appeared, and a motion was made to dismiss this case. Pending the discussion of this motion, the case was moved from Justice Allea by habeas corpus, and Mitchell was brought up before fon. C. P. Hester, Judge of the District Court. In the argument before Judge Hester, the negro's counsel made the following points:—

1et. No State had the right to legislate upon the subject of fugility slaves, and cited the case of Ponnsylvania agt. Frigg, 16 Peters, United States Reports, 11 Illinois Reports, Thornton's case, 12 Wendelt, Jack agt. Misrtin, all holding that State legislation on the subject was youd.

20. They insisted that the Fugitive Slave law of California expired on the 14th of April; and that the in

26. They insisted that the Fugifive Slave law of Call-fornia expired on the 14th of April; and that the in-choate proceedings commenced under it before that time could not be finished on the 14th April. That the pro-ceedings were coram non judice, and the detention ille-gal and void. Numerous authorities were cited on this point; one from Illinois Reports, and another from 8 Elachicut's Indiana Reports, were especially relied vivon.

The learned Judge coincided with this view of the

this point; one from Illinois Reports, were especially relied upon.

The hearned Judge coincided with this view of the case, and declared the proceedings subsequently to the statute shedutely void, and that consequently Mitchell was illegally detained. He was accordingly discharged. These proceedings occurred on the 17th. On the 21st, another attempt was made to reduce George to slavery in Nan Francisco. In the report of the proceedings before the United States Destrict Court, Judge Hoffman presiding, we find the following:—

An affinavit was made in this court for the reclamation, under the act of Coogress, of an alleged fugitive slave of the name of George, belonging to Jose C. (Cooper, of Tennessee. The fugitive is claimed under the United States law, Judge Hester, of San Joze, having decided that the proceedings to reclaim him under the State statute, which had expired, were void. The fugitive was brought here when California was a Tarritory, and the question of law apparently is, whether the act of Congress applies to such cases. No process has been issued as yet, but a warrant of arrest will probably be taken out to day.

The Chirese.

[From the Sacramento Union, April 19.]

Quite an interesting discussion arone yesterday in the Assembly upon the bill proposing to exclude the Unioseirom tre mines. To do this suddenly, it was conceided would be productive of more or less evil, and subject the Chinese in their unprotected condition to great sacrifices and probable suffering. It would have precipitated them by thousands into the diffes and agricultural counties in the valleys and or the seaboard, where numbers of them would be forced to steal or stave. Thou ands, we are assured, would leave the State did they possess the means of coing so, and many are hopefully looking to the mires for the more than the state of the proposed to their native land.

Time should be given to exable this strange people, of a different tongue and make, to make preparation to leave a land in which they are and must remain stranger

Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous.

Figure of Sanders—The San Francisco Herald of the 19th April contains the following relative to the flight of this notorious forger and swinder, which will strike some of our readers with surprise:—J. Hubert Sanders, of recent notoriety in this city, is a passenger on beard the Evira Barbeck, which salled for charm, via Honolulu, on Thursday last. Until one week before leaving he was not atany time three miles from this city. His first plee of conceniment was a willow swamp near the Mission, where sleeping and passing most of the time in a hammeck, and living on cold ham and biscuit, he remaised until the 6th inst., when he passed through this city after midnight, and got over in a boat to Marin county. There passing part of the time in the woods, he continued until the 12th, when he made his final escape, as before stated, by the Elvira Harbeck, congen before stated, by the Elvira Harbeck, congen before stated, by the Elvira Harbeck, going on board the ship off the Heads, without any baggage of any description, and without hat or cap. It is but just to say that Capt. Marshall, the commander of the Elvira Harbeck, was entirely ignorant of the character of his passenger. It is said that Sanders was very jovial and in high spirits all the time of his concealment.

Cot. Watker's Expension.—The Nicaragua expedition of Col. Walker was to have left Fan Francisco on the night of the 23d of April, in the brig Vesta. The San Francisco 7 time says.—The expedition consists of from seventy-fire to one hundred men. The parties go down from this State as emigrants, though in what manner they may choose to employ themselves after they arrive; there will be better known after their arrival. It is pro-

bable that if they conclude to collect in military opera-tions, they will join with Gen. Castilon, the constitution-al unveter of the ration, as there are already a number of Americans in that service.

Marriages, Buths and Deaths.

MARRIAGES

At Pericla, by the Rev. Mr. Woodbridge, Mr. Franci
L. Such, of Martinez, to Mrs. Rosina Sloan, of San Fran cisto.

In Sen Francisco, by the Rev. Mr. Williamson, Samuel Sasper to Mrs. Harrisi Wright.

In Sen Francisco, Samuel C. Bigelow and Adelaide W.

contreras and Francisca Igera, soin of San Ratael county.
In Yrcka, April 2, Mr. John J. Kelley and Miss Amanda C. Shores.
In Marysville, April 9, Robert Tilhman and Miss Hendrictta Day. In Maryaville, April 15, Mr. Eli S. Lester and Miss Ellen Peters In Marysville, April 15, Mr. James Moore and Miss Eli-zabeth Whyler. In Santa Cruz, April 13, by Rev. S. Turner, Bascom

city.

In Marysville, by the Rev. E. W. Hague, Jasper S. Speagle to Miss Elizabeth Yandell, both of Unico.

In San Francisco, by Justice J. G. Poarson, Santos Contreras and Francisca Ygera, both of San Rafael

Case to Miss Mary Bennet.

In Nevada, April 12, by Rev Mr. Tansey, J. V. Hathaway to Miss Mary Jone Fell, all of Nevada.

In Columbia, April 12, Mr. O. P. Davis to Mrs. H. Bouse, of San Francisco.
In Seasts, April 7, by Judge J. C. Hinckley, Mr. Leweltin Williams, of Whishy Creek, to Miss Namey Caroline
Romane, of Shasta.

BIRTHS.

At Fort Point, April 16, the wife of S. J. Ashley, of a

In Sacramento, April 16, the wife of B. F. Johnson, of the Magnolia, ot a son.
In San Francisco, Apr.l 22, the wife of Rasey Biven, In San Francisco, April 28, Erq., ct a son.

In Shasta county, on the 20th of April; the wife of John S. P. Bass, of a daughter.

In Shasta, on the 7th April, Mrs. Louisa Schneider of a daughter.

DIED.

a daughter.

In San Francisco, Mr. Rudolph Schondorff, a native of Germany, aged 42 years.

In San Francisco, Mrs. Ursulus Brunel, of Montreal, Canada, aged 27 years.

In San Francisco, Mrs. Susan Deaking, of Norfolk, Ringhand, aged 65 years.

In San Brancisco, James, second son of Anu H and Capt James Ludlow, of New York, aged 18 years and 5 months.

Capt James Luclow, of New York, agod 18 years and 5 months.

In San Francisco, April 17, of asthma, Mr. Isaac Lowe, of England, 45 years.

April 16, Mrs. Marie Louise Emilia Pemberton, wife of Armard Guyol, of Louisians.

Same cate, Mr. J. R. Reynolds, son of Etephen Reynolds, Esq. of Honolniu, 21 years.

In Yuba City, April 17, John G. Parks, formerly of Fremort, Obio, 22 years.

In San Francisco, of apopiexy, Captain John Ingram, a native of Portland, England, aged 51 years. Capt. ingram was an old recident of San Francisco, and oldest pilot on the Pacific coast.

In San Francisco, Mr. Theo. Bahnsen, of the firm of Correa & Eabmen. aged 25 years.

In San Francisco, Caas. G. Pinkham, infant son of John F. and Jane Pinkham, aged 11 months and 5 days. In San Francisco, spril 16, J. R. Reynolds, son of S. Reynolds, Esq., of Honolalu, Sandwich Islands, aged 21 years.

In San Francisco, April 23, after a short Illness, Mr.

noids, Esq., of Honolalu, Sanawich Immacs, egod anyears.

In San Francisco, April 23, after a short'llness, Mr.
John I onergan, a native of Ireland, aged 46 years and 4
months
At Benicia, April 23, Captain Alex. Riddell, formerly
Mayor of that city, aged 52 years.

In Jan Francisco, April 21, of congestion of the lungs,
George Elvin, infant son of Mr. Alphons Dam.

In Sonora, April 19, Henry Cohen, aged 35 years, formerly of Samoeryn, Prussia Foland.

Markets.

San Francisce. April 23, 1855.

There has been an extremely limited business, and prices have undergone little charge—and that little not at all for the better. There was a failure to-day of a commission house, for about \$100,000—cause alleged, speculative operations in articles that have recently much declined in prices.

FLOUR—Yales of 100 qr. sacks Magnolia at \$8 50; 100 do. do. domestic on private terms; 300 do. Ashley at \$11 50 per 200 lbs.; and to bbis. Haxall at \$14 per bartel.

half bbl

WHEAT—Sales of 416 sacks fair milling at 1½0 per lb

TEA—Sales of 25 chests superior Colong at 60c; and
50 co young byson, in 1 lb. cannisters, at 40c, per lb.

SUGAR—cales of 100 bbls New Orleans at 9½; and
156 half bbls do. sweated, at 8½c, per lb.

Coffee—Auction sale of 800 sacks Rio at 12½c, per lb.

RAISINS.—Auction sale of 500 boxes aweated, at \$2 62½
per box. POTATOES .- Sales of 500 sacks at 55c.; 100 do. at 60s;

and 100 do. at 62 ½c. per bag.
MACKERL.—Sale of 160 half bbls. on private terms.

Bernous.—Sale of 55 bels. grain at 14 per 10.

SARDINES.—Auction sale of 200 cases, in quarter boxes,

SARDINES.—Auction sale of 200 cases, in quarter boxes, at \$2.25 per dozen.

BACON.—Sale of 100,000 lbs. Billings', on private terms.

RICE.—Sale of 50 tierces Carolina on private terms.

CONDACK.—Sale of 5,000 lbs. Manils, large sizes, at 15c. per lb.

COSTA RICA.
We are in receipt of files of the Official Bulletin of San José, republic of Costa Rica, up to the 29th of April. The Governor of the province of Alaguela had reported

continued to spread by different points, destroying vege-tation, but that they were themselves being prayed upon by large flocks of black sparrow-hawks. The government had called upon the inhabitants of the devastated region to use their utmost exertions to annihilate the cevastators. In the province of Heredia the hawks had done the work effectually.

Grand funeral becors were paid, on the 17th of April, to the late Costa Rican Minister to this country—Don Felipe Molica—who, it will be remembered, died in Wash-

Felipe Molina—who, it will be remembered, died in washington, on the lat of February, in consequence of injuries received by a fall from his carriage. The obsequies took place in the cathedral church of San Joić, where a funeral cration was prenounced by Don Francisco Calvo, Chaplain of the national army.

VENEZUELA. From Caraccas, Venezuela, we have files of the Econo-

mist to the 14th of April.

President Monagas had sent a message to the Vene-

President Mcnagas had sent a message to the Venezuelan Congress, on the 4th of April, recommending an
act to admit free of all duty of importation, ordisary
and extraordinary, corn and articles of the first necessity, for such a length of time as that provision may
appear indispersable, in view of the searcity of provisions now exacting in the country. The President also
asked authority to be empowered to appropriate a portion of the fund assigned for the expenses of government
to the purchase of corn for distribution to the poor.

The necessity for these measures and the causes of
the crisis are thus summarized in the opening paragraph
of the Ireadent's message:—

A new public calamity, which is becoming every day more
remarkable, and is affecting very sensibly the community,
compets me to solicit your co-operation to guard against it
in time. The scarcity of hands, their frequent distraction
from producitive occursations by means of the continuous and
incessar revolutions which have affilied the country, individual insecurity, the neglect with which property has been
required, the monopoly of public credit, the private monopolies derived from it, the high authonal taxes, the municipular increased taxes imposed upon objects of immediate sand
greeral consumption, the very season, which has not ocen as
favorable as usual for the production of cereals, and other
need not be specially engaged to have which have co-operated
in a lastent and efficiency of the property of the market,
their narrow resources, in the present prices of
the market. The Congress had not taken any definite action in the

sistence with their narrow resources, the market. The Congress had not taken any definite action in the matter up to last advices.

ERAZIL.

By the arrival of the clipper ship Maria, Capt. Green, from Rio de Janeiro we have the Correio Mercantil and the Cerreio do Rio of the 1st of April, but we cannot find anything in them which would be of the slightest interest to our readers.

Theatres and Exhibitions.

ACADIMY of MUSIC.—Friday evening is the last night the Italian Opera company appears for the present, as they leave afterwards for floaton. Verdi's grand opera, "Il Trovatore," is the selection. No doubt the house will be crowded.

"Il Trovatore," is the February will be crowded.

ERGADWAY THEATRE.—The new play of "Love and Loyalty" having proved vory successful, is announced again for this evening, Mr. E. L. Davenport and Miss Fanny Vining in the leading characters. "The Good for Nothing" concludes the smurements of the evening.

Bowerty Theatre.—The selections for this evening consist of the "Midoight Watch," and the new piece called the "Seven Temptations," which has draw good houses every night it has been performed. The energetic exertions of Mr. Waldron receive their reward.

the "Seven temperations," which has drawn good houses every night it has been performed. The energetic exertions of Mr. Waldron receive their reward.

Burton's Theatre.—This house continues in a career of prosperity. The management of Burton seems to please all parties. The pieces selected for to night are the "Bine Devils," "Trying It On," "John Jones," and the "Wandfring Minstrel." The house no doubt will be crowded.

Wallack's Theatre.—Three dramas of interesting features are announced for this evening. The first is "it for Tat, "the "Irish Dragoon," and a "Kiss in the Dark" Blake, Levier, Brougham, Dyott, Mise Rosa Bennett, and other artists of dramatic celebrity appear.

Metropolitan Theatre.—The petite comedy of "Used Up," with Mr. Walcot as Sir Charles Coldstream, is the opening feature. A directisement follows—Seconita Soto, M. Carresse, Mile. Ducy Barre, and Mr. Smith appear. "Mons. Jaques," with Morris Barnetti in that character, follows. The Spanish ballet, "La Maja de Seville," concludes all.

Amenican Murrum.—The afternoon amusements consist of the interesting drams of "Adele," and the farce of "Bachelor's Torments." and in the evening of the drama called the "Golden Farmer," and "How to Make Home Happy."

Wood's Minstribus announce a fine programme for tonight. Their negro delineations seem to please their patrons.

Buckley's Shernaders.—Where can an hour or two be note pleasantly employed than at those halls of sweet vocalization and instrumental music? "Matrimonial Specialations" to night.

Perhan's Minstribus seem to divide popular favor in regard to their negro melodies and instrumental pieces. A fine programme for te night.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. MONEY MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, May 16-6 P. M. The stock market took a turn downward this morning. The buoyancy of yesterday his entirely disappeared. The enormous shipment of specie to day is the principal cause of the charge. At the first board Virginia 6's decause of the change. At the first board Virginia 6's de-clined ½ per cent; Erie Bonds, 1875, ½; Itlinois Central Bonds, ½; New York Central Bonds, ½; Cumberland Coal, ½; New York Central Railroad, 1; Reading Rail-road, ½; Erie Railroad, ½; Hudson River Bairoad, ½; Panama Railroad, 2. Galena and Chicago Railroad advanced ½ per cent. A very large amount of business was transacted in the leading railroad stocks. The sales about thirty five hundred shares. New York Central was in better demand, and the sales were large at the decline. In other stocks there was no activity. A small lot of Stonington sold at 53. This establishes the market value since paying the dividend. The new board of directors in Harlem has not helped the stock much. It is very seldom that we have at this season so little speculation in the stock market. The brokers are principally sellers, but have no cash stock to put on the market.

After the adjournment of the board, the following sales of bonds and stocks were made by J. Thompson:— The following sales of stocks were made at auction by

At the second board the market was in some things a shade or two better. Reading Railroad improved 1/6 per ct.; Galens and Chicago Railroad, 14; Michigan Central Railroad, 14. Cumberland declined 14 per cent; Illinois Central bonds, 34; Indiana 5's, 36; Reading closed firm at our quotations.

At a meeting of the newly elected directors of the Har-

lem Railread Company, held this afternoon, Mr. W. C. Wetmore was elected President pro tem. No other business was transacted.

 

 Cay, were as follows:—
 \$92,064
 52

 Paid on Treasury account
 \$92,064
 52

 Received
 do.
 141,297
 85

 Balance
 2,133,737
 13

 Paid for Assay effice
 298,395
 77

 Paid on diabursing checks
 63,019
 26

 of the payments to-day, \$10,000 was on account of Canfornia drafts.

The warrants entered at the Treasury Department,

Washington, on the 12th and 14th insta., were as fol-

For the redemption of stock. \$10,312 29
For paying Treasury debts. 14,923 48
For the Customs. 23,110 65
For covering into the Treasury from sustoms 140,773 21
Covering into Treasury from misc. sources. 6,090 82
For the War Department. 83,916 58
For repaying in the War Department. 5,158 99
For the Navy Department. 111,098 71
For the Interior Department. 4,038 83
For repaying for the Interior Department. 2,157 27
The steamship Atlantic, from this port for Liverpool, to-Cay, carried out \$1,894,406 89 in spaces. This is con-

to-cay, carried out \$1,894,406 89 in specie. This is considerably beyond the highest estimates, and a larger

Nicaragua, brings \$277,000 in gold on freight, a large amount in the hands of passengers, and drafts on the Assistant Treasurer of this port. It is estimated in Wall street that the steamship Illinois brought alto-gether nearly two millions of gold and drafts. The passengers bring large sums in their luggage, in consegenera of the want of confidence in the different trans-portation companies.

The Bowery Fire Insurance Company pay ten per cent

sen!-annual dividend; the Pacific Bank, four per cent.

The official statement of the thirty-seven banks in Boston, for the week ending May 14, exhibits the following results, compared with the statement of the pre-

BANKS OF BOSTON.

May 7. May 14.

Capital stock...\$32,710,000 \$32,710,000 Unchanged.

Loans and disc'ts 52,691,688 52,423,551 Dec..\$267,507

Specie in bank...\$0,221,629 3,071,361 Inc...49,687

Due from other banks...\$8,222,410 \$8,132,618 Dec...10,208

Due other banks...\$6,006,883 5,954,787 Dec.. 52,093

Deposits......\$15,141,185 14,917,190 Dec.. 223,995

Circulation...7,616,105 7,454,894 Dec...161,211

The Calena and Chicago Railroad Company carned

The Galena and Chicago Railroad Company earned \$170,553 48 in April of this year, against \$75,736 65 for the same month last year, showing an increase of \$94,816 83.

The following bill passed the Legislature of Pennsylvania at its recent session:—

An ACT PROHIMTING EXCHANGE BROKERS AND BANKERS FROM ALLOWING INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any individual or copartnership, licensed or exchange brokers, or engaged in the business of banking, to allow or pay interest at any rate per centum on moneys deposited with thom under a penalty of five hundred dollars for each and every offence, to be recovered as debts are by law recoverable, one half for the use of the commonwealth, and the other half for the use of the guardians of the poor in the county where such offense shall have been committed: provided, that this act shall not extend to the city and county of Philadelphia.

The Philadelphia Ledger, of the 15th inst., says:—

Gen James Hamilton has addressed a circular to the receive and creditive of Texas tonching the adjustment

The Philadelphia Ledger, of the 15th inst., says:—
Gen James Hamilton has addressed a circular to the people and creditors of Texas touching the adjustment of the Texas debt, in which, among other things, he avows his intention of asking the Legislature of that state to accept, "without modification or amendment." the law recently passed by Congress is relation thoreto. The creditors of Texas here will be gratified to read this announcement over the General's own signature, as his achesion to the plan proposed by Congress completes the entire last of Texas acceditors who really desire its acceptance by the State. It may be safely affirmed now that no creditor will object, and that all would unite in a petition to the Legislature to accept this law at once, and thereby put to rest forever, this long, tedious and irritating controversy between the State and her creditors. The prompt acceptance of it by the Legislature will do much to elevate the credit of the State, and remove from her escutchen the tarnish left upon it by the scaling law of 1852.

| Stock Exchange | Wadnesday, May 16, 1855 | Stock Exchange | Stock Exch

460 do... b30 87% 100 do... b30 81% BECOND BOARD.

\$2000 Ind State Five 83 100 shs Frie RR ... s3 48% 200 Missouri 6's... 91% 100 shs Frie RR ... s3 48% 4000 Virginia6's b2d 97 10 Mich Cen RR ... s8 200 Hich Cen RR ... s8 200 Mich Cen RR ... s8 200 Mich Life Krit Co... 20 600 do... b30 87% 450 do... b30 85% 45% 250 Mich Transit Co... 15% 100 do... b3 85 100 do... b30 85% 45% 250 do... b30 85% 7 Galsna & Chi RR. 95 do... s30 48% 550 Hudsoa R RR ... 10 85% 250 do... s30 48% 7 Galsna & Chi RR. 95

WEDNESDAY, May 16-6 P. P. Ashra-Sales of 75 bbls. at \$5 81 a \$5 87 for pots and \$6 12 for pearls.

Breapercers.—All common and medium grades, except Scuthern, were dull, and from 12c. to 1834c.

lower. The sales embraced about \$,000 a 10,000 bbls., included in which were common to choice Stare at \$10 12 a \$10 31; Western de. de., at \$10 a \$10 27; Causding, (1.80 bbls.) at \$10 a \$10 a \$10 35; %. Southern was aesree and firm, with sales at \$10 75 n \$11 25; 2.000 bbls. common State seld at \$3 \$7 a \$0. deliverable in June. Barley mait—2,000 bush, sold at 130c. Wheat—Sales 400 bushles Southern red were made at \$2 00. Corn was dull. No sales on the spot were reported, but prices for white and yellow were at about 113c. a 115c. 5,000 bushles Western mixed were cold, to arrive in July, at 102c., and 5,000 to in August, at 105c. Rye—1,500 bushles were sold at 16c a 175c and 178c. Oats were dull, with sales at two cents per bushle decline. Meal and rye flour were quief.

two cents per bushel decline. Accordance of quiet.

COTION.—The market was rather quiet, as dealers were waiting news by the Baitic. About 1,500 baies were sold at steady prices.

COFFER.—100 bags Rio sold at 10½c. at 10½c.; 200 Loguyra at 10½c; 100 mats Java at p. t.

Francisms.—Rates were quite dull, as shippers were waiting for later foreign news. To Loverpool 300 beles of cotion, compressed, were engaged at 5-32d. To London and Havre rates were quiet, and engagements unimportant.

HAT.—660 bales sold at 112c.

HANY.—10 tierces were sold at 56c.

HONY.—10 tierces were sold at 56c.

MOLASSES.—50 blids. Cuba muscovado were sold.

Molasses.—50 hhds. Cuba muscovado were sold at 28c.

Naval Erores.—Rosis was higher, with sales of 1 009 bbls. Wilmington common at 92c. and 500 do at 95c. per 310 lbs. delivered. Spirits were at 46c., and raw continued frm.

Provisions.—Pork.—The market firm. Sales 700 a 800 bbls., including cld mess, at \$16 75; new do., at \$17 75 a \$17 87, and new prime, at \$14 50. Beef firm, with sales to a fair extent. About 400 bbls. were sold at \$10 for Western prime, and \$12 80 for mess do. Out meets in good request, at full prices, with sales of 350 pack-ages, including shoulders at 73/c. a 73/c., and at 93/c. a 10c. for hams. Bacon was scarse and firm. Lard steady. Sales \$60 bbls., at 103/c. a 103/c. Butter and cheese were dull.

Rick.—Sales of 150 casks were made at 5%c a 63/c. The market closed dull.

Sales.—A cargo of 6,000 bushels Trapani was sold at p. ...

SALT —A cargo of 6,000 bushels Trapani was sold at pt.

SEED.—Clover was dull at 10c. a 10½c.

SPICES.—10 cases Penang nutmers sold at 97½c.

SUGAR.—There was a good business doing, and the sales reached 1,200 hbds, chiefly Cuba, at 5½c. a 5½c;

120 hbds. Porto Bico, at 5½c. a 6½c, and 1,600 boxes Havana, at 5½c. a 6½c. The market closed tolerably firm.

Tallow.—8,000 lbs. Philadelphia rendered were seld at 12c.

12c.
WHISKEY dull. Sales of 100 bbls. were made at 38 ½c,

Domestic Market.

New Bedford On Market, May 14.—Sperm—There is a steady demand for aperm, and prices have not varied since our last Sales amount to 1848 bils. in lots for manufacturing at 180c., at which price the market closes firmly. Whale continues in good demand, and prices are fully sustained. We note sales since our last of 600 bbls. at 66c., 150 do at 67c., 500 do. at 67½c., and 2 816 do. at 68c.; the latter may be considered as the market price for handsome oil. In Fairhaven we learn of sales of 2,000 bbls. at 68c. In Warren the entire cargo of ship Sea, 4,500 bbls, has been sold upou private terms, and 500 bbls. at 68c. In Warren the entire cargo of ship Sea, 4,500 bbls, has been sold upou private terms, and 500 bbls. at 68c. Whalebone—The market for bone continues brisk, with a further alvance in prices. The transactions for the week include sales of 25,000 lbs. Arctic at 47c., 5,000 do. at 50c., and 23,000 do. at a price not transpired; also 24,000 lbs. Cobotak at 44c., 22,000 do. at 46c., and various latter and 45c. for Ochotak of prime quality is now freely offered, but a majority of holders refuse to operate at these prices.

FINANCIAL.

\$1,000,000 BONDS OF THE VIRGINIA AND pecals will be received for the whole or any part of the above issue of bonds. They are dated let July, 1954, and payable to bearer, in the city of New York, on the 50th June, 1954, with interest coupons attached, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable semi annually at the Sank of America, or the lat of January and July of each year, ard one half sheir amount convertible into the stock of the sompany at the option of the helder. These bonds are issued under full authority of the stockholders, for the purpose of faishing and equipping the road, and they are secured by a recond mortgace on the road, with all the real estate fixtures and equipments, franchises, appurtenances and privileres appear sisting therete. The first and prior mortgace is for 15,000,000 of which \$1,000,000 was taken by the State of Virginia, or the following very advantageous terms —Six per continueres, and the principal to be liquidated by payments anneally of one per cent for thirty four years, commencing on the let of July, 1885. The remaining \$500,000 were sold at par The capital of the company is \$3,000,000, three-dithes et waird is held by the State of Virginia, and the whole amounts pair in 1s \$275,100. The least to the content of the part of the whole amounts of the part of the part of the part of the whole amounts of the part of th the following very advantageous terms --Six per can be bettered, and the principal to be liquidated by payments and ally of one per cant for thirty-four years, commencing on the let of July, 1883. The remaining \$600.000 were sold at par The capital of the company is \$3,000.000, three-diths of waiting in hid by the State of Virginia, and the whole amountspill in his \$23.75,100. The langth of the road, from the cityes it held by the State of Virginia, and the whole and his \$23.75,100. The langth jof the road, from the cityes Lynchburg to the Tennessee line, is \$24 miles, of which 18 are entirely finished and in operation. The remaining nixty mine miles require only \$255,000 to complete them, and tee months labor it only necessary to put the entire road into full eperation. They have been expended on the road about \$5,000,000 in construction, rolling stock and expenses, a sum double the amount of both mortages, which by other do not occeed \$18,000 per mile of road. The road forms a link in the chain of roads which are to become probably the most important route in the Union, giving an almost fivelight line from the Northern and Eastern cities to those on the Gulf of Mosleo and the Mississipps, shortening the distances more than two hundred miles; and there is but one more link to be finished to afford a continuous railroad transportation from the old of Washington to Mostgomery, Alabaman. But it of great South and North line, the Vine of the great South and North line, the Vine of the great South and North line, the Vine of the great South and North line, the Vine of the great South and North line, the Vine of the great South and North line, the Vine of the great South and North line, the Vine of the great South and North line, the Vine of the great South and North line, the Vine of the whole south and when the proper south and the great south and special sold the service of the road. It passes almost its whole longth through a region sounding with a variety of more services of the road are most flattering; and ro

\$700.000 -MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS. or bought for cash; sity stocks, notes, mortgages and big fexchange negotiated. Business confidential and prompt by THOMPSON & CO., brokers and commission morchank M2 Nassan street, corner of Ann. room No. 2, second 500;

\$666.000 TO ADVANCE ON DIAMONDS for cash. Mortages, notes and seeks negotiated. Bounty land preuned. Auctioneering and conveyancing attended to, Insiness promptly and confidential. BirDSALL & Cu., Real Estate Brokers, 75 Nassau street, rear building, room No. 1, second floor. \$652.700 50-MONEY TO LOAN ON DIA-plane forces, merchandise and personal property, generally, or bought for easib); good city notes, stocks, bonds and more gages. &c., ne-otiated. Business considential and executed premptly at 78 Nasseu street, first floor, Back office. FLORENCE & CO., Brokers.

\$550.000 TO LOAN—OR BOUGHT FOR CASE corption of valuable property, by JOS. E. ISAAC, basement office, il Chambers street, transctions servity confidential Office bours from 8 A. M. till 6 P. M. N. B.—Eighest price or gold and silver.

tor gold and cilver.

\$200.000 TO LOAN-ON UNDOUBTED PERSON.
\$300.000 al securities, diamonds, jewels, or other
valuables, for short periods, in any required sums; or the
same bought at fair prices, at the loan office, No. 247 Broadway, (up stairs,) corner of Murray street, room No. 4.

\$155.000—PERSONS WISHING TO NEGOTIATE perty, consisting of diamonds, watches, jewley, segara, &c., cas he accommodated on reasonable terms, by applying te FORBUSH & JOHNSON, No. 107 Nassau street, cutrance No. 29 Ann street, rooms 4 and 5. N. B.—Real estate sales, loans and commissions generally attended to with promptness and dispatch. All business strictly confidential.

\$\Phi^75.000\ . \text{monky TO LEND, ON BOND AND \$\Phi^75.000\ . \text{mortage, in sums to suit applicants, on first class productive real estate, in this city or Brooklyn. Apply to S. S. BROAD, 15 Wall street, second story, front room.

\$40.000 TO BE ADVANCED ON DIAMONDS, in small amounts or otherwise. Parties stended to at their own residences by appointment, All business strictly confidential. Apply to J. LYONS & CO., 528 Houston street, between Mercer and Green. \$40.000. MONEY LIBERALLY ADVANCED, ON diamonds, watches, jowe rr, segars, stocks, and all kinds of merchandise, by JUSEFH LYON & Co., No. 15 William street, reom No. 10. Parties waited on at their residences. N. B.—All transactions confidential.

\$15,000 WANTED-FOR A TERM OF THREE proved Brocklyn property, worth over double the amount Actions P. L., Herald office.

\$8.000. amount on a house and lot, worth double the amount, and free of incumbrance. Address M. C. A., He raid effice.

\$5.000. wanted, a Reliable Man with wances on furni ure and other goods consigned for public seles. Perfect security given. For particulars address Consignment, Herald office.

signment, Herald office.

\$4.000 WANTED—FOR FIVE YEARS, ON FIRST to security and punctuality of interest. No brokerage paid. Address A. B., Herald office.

\$3.000 TO LOAN UPON IMPROVED CIFY PROPERTY. The property nust be worth double the num loaned. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 200 Hudson street. A LOAN.—WANTED, 220,000, FOR TEN YEARS, ON Improved property in the city of Cincinnati, the ground telm worth 220,000 without the Improvements. Undoubted reference given in repart to the value of the property do. Refer to WM R. MORTON, 146 Pearl street, at the office of Floot & Porrest.

STN ANCIAL.

CASH ADVANCED IN any amount, or FURCHAS-ce at tight, diamonds, watches, rich javelry, merchan-cise, and valuable personni property generally. R. WOOD, 10 Fulton street, second floor, front room, from SA M. to 5 P. M.

CURERLAND 4 GAL AND IRON COMPANY:—

SON, Ost Loan.—First Mortgage Coupon Bonds.—Five hundred thousand dollars, first mortgage bends of the Cumberland Coal and ir. First mortgage bends of the Cumberland Coal and ir. Gardinary, are now offered for sale, in some of one hundred dellars, first mortgage bends of the Cumberland Coal and ir. First mortgage bends of the Cumberland Coal and ir. First mortgage bends for sale, in some of one hundred dellars are of the persons per annu, payable semi-annually as the set of the persons per annum, payable semi-annually as first mortgage bends are secured by a first mortgage by William D. Thompsen as d Edward W. Dunham, torque to William D. Thompsen as d Edward W. Dunham, torque to the lands of the company at the semi-annual to the company to the semi-annual to the chesspeaks and Ohio Railroad with the Chesspeaks and Ohio Canal, and with the town of Cumberland.

To provide for the payment of these bonds as and before maturity, the company have agreed to appropriate and paying the bands of tractees fifty thousand dellars annually, as a sinking fund, in default of the payment of which, or of the semi-annual interest, for sixt days after dus, the principal shall become due and the trustees for the semi-annual interest, for sixt days after dus, the sprincipal shall become due and the trustees for the Comberlar of t

MONEY LIBERALLY ADVANCED—
By PECARES, BEINSTEIN & PHILLIPS, andtioneers, 51 Liberty street, one door from Naman, on stocks,
vessels real estate, furniture, pictures, merchandise, &c.',
left with us for sale.

VORTH CAROLINA SIX PER CENT SYATE STOCE—

NORTH CAROLINA SIX PER CENT SYATE STOCE—

To reasury Department, N. C., Aordi 18, R65.—Sasled proposals will be received at this office until 18 e'cleck A.M., of the 21st May next, for the purchase of the following bonds, to be issued by the State of North Carolina, in sums of \$1000 each, to wit: 266,000 running thirty years, bearing interest and date from the 1st January, 1855.

Also, \$15,000 running thirty years, bearing interest and date from the first January, 1855.

Also, \$00,000 running to proper the state of North Carolina, in the state of North Carolina in the state of North Carolina in the state of the state o

Raioigh, N. C.

Documents showing the resources of the State and the amount of its indebtedness may be had at this office, or on application to Messrs. Brown & De Romest, N. Y.

D. W. COURTS,

Public Treasurer of North Carolina.

PAILWAY ACCEPTANCES AND BUSINESS PAPER for sale, by JOHN B. MURRAY, 44 Wall street, over Eask of North America. Cash leass spen heat, radiway, and fire insurance stocks, bonds and notes. Advances upon four, grain, iron, provisions, and other merchandles, and on vessels at see and in port.

upon flour, grain, iron, provisions, and ether mershandise, and car vessels at sea and in port.

DOCKY BAR MINING COMPANY, NO. 20 MER-Ly chants' Exchange, New York city, April 16, 1865.—Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors, passed at a meeting held on the 28th day of March last, notice is hereby given that the following cortificates of stock in this cempany, upon which any or all of the following assessments remain unpaid, viz.—5 per cent due 15th March, 1853, 3 per cent due 21st February, 1864; 2 per cent due 17th October, 1864; and 2 per cent due 15th March, 1855, will be sold at public auction, in the Merchants' Exchange, in this city, at 125, c'clcck P. M., on Friday, the 18th day of May next, for non-payment of any and all of such assessments remaining unpaid thereon, namely, 80, 20, 21, 23, 32, 31, 54, 62, 50 to 82, 56 to 42, 50 to 82, 56 to 60, 61, 18, 18, 14, 147, 147, 181 to 185, 187, 188, 190, 194, 200 to 300, 313, 316 to 400, 403, 410, 427, 428, 439, 425, 439 to 448, 449, 445, 449, 455, 491, 455, 528, 548, 569, 588, 589, 598 to 599, 509, 501, 503 to 607, 528, 647, 551, 652, 654, 663, 667, 673 to 678, 681 to 601, 603 to 769, 709, 709, 701, 711, 718, 720, 739, 192, 739, 799, 788, 814, 282, 245, 846, 849, 449, 147, 1488, 141, 1124, 1175, 1130, 1147, 1482, 1415, 1416, 1416, 1747, 1482, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1417, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1416, 1417, 1416

TO CAPITALISTS.-THE FOX AND WISCONSIN IN

GEOCERS -\$500 TO \$1 000 TO LEND, BY A YOUNG A man who wishes a situation as stork in a sheap cas ate v, either in New York, Brooklyn, or adjacent citia. Ha had experience in the business for ten or fifteen years an understands all parts, and is a first class salesman diess Thomas, Herald office.

HEATH HOUSE, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN MINERAL Springs, New Jersey.—FRANCIS RIDER, formerly of the West Point Hotel, West Point, N. Y., would inform his triends sand the public, that he has taken the above delightful summer retrees, and that he will be ready for the receiption of visiters early in June. He begs mast respectfully to acknowledge past savors, and returns his thanks to his friends and the public, for the very liberal patrenage he has his thereforeceived, and assures that every exertion will be made to merit the continuance, Those wishing to ongac rooms, can address him Heath House, or New York Hotel, New York, N. B.—The ears leave Jersey City, via Morris and Essex railroad, at S. A. M., and 4 P. M. delly, for Hackettstown, where omitbuses are in waiting to convey passengers to Heath House; distance 3½ miles.

NEW YORK BAY PRIVATE PAMILY MOTELNot and a half miles from Jersey City ferry, is now open
for summer, on Bergen Point plank road. Bashing, boating and fahing. Stages leave the terry every hear. Apply
to Capts. LEES, proprietor, Post Office, Jersey Gly, or at
the house. N. B.—There is no but attached to this house.

to Capt. LEES, proprietor, Poat Office, Jersey Glay, of site he house. N. B.—There is no bar attached to this house.

OCEANIC HOUSE, CONEY ISLAND, IS NOW OPEN the fourth of the Union, Centreville and National race courses; the delightful drives in its vicinity are unsurpassed; its easy access to the city of New York, stages leaving Fulton ferry, Brocklyn, hourly; the beauty of its location, commanding a fine view of Staten Island, the Bay, the Highlands of Newsink, and the aurrounding country, renders is a healthy and depicture from the country, renders is a healthy and depicture from the country, renders is a healthy and described with the boss the market affords.

ALBERT ROGERS, Agent.

STATEN ISLAND, NORTH SHORE.—BOARDING.—A gentleman and his wife, or two single sentences, each time and the surface in a private family, where there are no other hoarders. The house is situated near Other are the sentences of the summer in a private family, where there are no other hoarders. The house is situated near Port Richmond, and near to the Factory tills landing. For particulars inquire of E. W. Whitmore, 177 William street, near Beekman, N Y.

SUMMER RETREAT—RE-OPENING OF THE WADA

Wannuck House, Stonington, Ct. The old pairons of the house, and those who may be seeking a searido residence in a first class hotel, are intormed that the house will again be afforded for bathing, fishing, sailing, &c. For particulars address at Stonington.

STANLEY HOUSE, BRIDGEPORT, CT.—THIS PLEA-stant summer retreat has just undergone a thorough renovation, is supplied with new furniture, and is in complete order for transient or permanent boarders. This favorite hotel, although within three minutes walk of the New York and New Haven Rahlread dopot and the Bridge-port post office, is dispituilly situated on the beach, and commands a full view of though situated on the beach, and commands a full view of the house are fine grounds, shade tree, &c. The facilities for sea bathing are first rate, at the tide chos and flow within five rods of

THE TRITON HOUSE, AT GLEN COVE, HAS BEEN newly furnished throughout and will be opened the first of June as a private boarding house. Persons wishing rooms for the summer can address Mrs. McRiwain, 719 Breadway, esre of Mr. Geery, or Glen Cove, Long Island.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.—PROPOSALS WILL BE received at the office of the subscribers, No. 3 Nasumast., N. York, until ste 20th day of May ines, for the materials for, and the construction of a bridge of one span, 252 feet between abutments. If feet wide, and 15 feet in in the clear, over the Lasanic River, at Paterson, New Jegsen, to bear the test between the Boand River, at Paterson, New Jegsen, to bear the test before the Boand when flained, and to be compared on or before the Boand word July nest. The proposals must be accompanied by the plans, quantity of timber and from.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF CAST OFF CLOTHING wanted —Gentlemen baving the same to dispose of will rective the highest price for them by calling or addressing John Hurphy, 122 Nassau st., tasement. LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, GIVE YOUR ATTEN-tion.—Read this.—All cast off clothing, see and hand furniture, and all kinds of houseware bought and highest price given in cash. Call or address by note. J. HARRIS, 122 Severath avenue, between Eighteenth and Niceteenth streets.

CLOTHING AND FURNITURE WANTED.—LADISS-cash price for the same by sending for the subscriber, through the Post Office or otherwise, at his residence. N. R.—Ladies attended to by Mrs. C. M. S. COHEN, 66 Rim-street.

CLOTHING AND FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR CASE-lars stock and fancy goods of all descriptions, oil paint ings. jewelry and processes abones. Please address L. M. BUSFELDORP, 13 Elm street. Ladies attended by Mrs. D